

System 450™ Series Control Modules with Relay Outputs

Installation Instructions

C450CBN-1
C450CCN-1

Part No. 24-7664-2675, Rev. G
Issued April 27, 2010
Supersedes December 21, 2009

Application

IMPORTANT: Use this System 450 Series Control Module with Relay Output only as an operating control. Where failure or malfunction of the System 450 control module could lead to personal injury or property damage to the controlled equipment or other property, additional precautions must be designed into the control system. Incorporate and maintain other devices, such as supervisory or alarm systems or safety or limit controls, intended to warn of or protect against failure or malfunction of the System 450 control module.

System 450 is a family of modular, digital electronic controls that is easily assembled and set up to provide reliable temperature, pressure, and humidity control for a wide variety of Heating, Air Conditioning, Ventilation, and Refrigeration (HVACR) and commercial/industrial process applications.

The System 450 control modules allow you to configure custom application-specific control systems with up to three input sensors and ten (relay and/or analog) outputs, including control systems that can monitor and control temperature, pressure, and humidity applications simultaneously.

You can easily install and quickly configure a stand-alone System 450 control module and sensor in the field as a replacement control for almost any temperature, pressure, and humidity control.

C450CxN-1 models are Single-Pole, Double-Throw (SPDT) relay control modules with Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) and four-button touch pad User Interface (UI) that allows you to set up a System 450 control system. C450CBN-1 models provide one SPDT relay, C450CCN-1 models provide two SPDT relays.

Refer to the *System 450 Series Technical Bulletin (LIT-12011459)* for more detailed information on designing, installing, setting up, and troubleshooting System 450 Series control systems. The System 450 technical bulletin can be accessed and downloaded on the Johnson Controls® Online Product Literature Web site at the following Web address:
<http://cgproducts.johnsoncontrols.com/default.aspx>

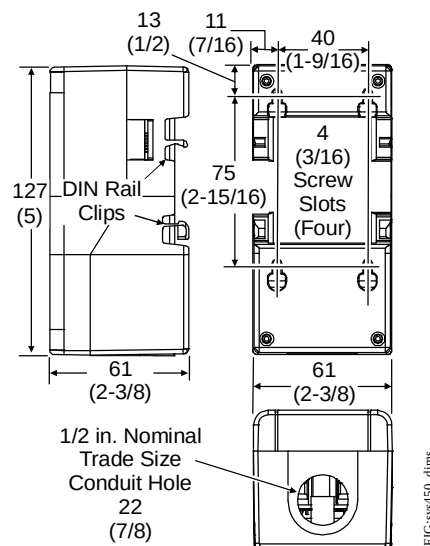


Figure 1: System 450 Module Dimensions, mm (in.)

Installation

Location Considerations

Observe the following System 450 location guidelines:

- Ensure that the mounting surface can support the module assembly, mounting hardware, and any (user-supplied) panel or enclosure.
- Mount the modules upright and plugged together in a horizontal row where possible (Figure 3). DIN rail mounting is highly recommended.
- Mount modules on flat even surfaces.
- Allow sufficient space for wires and connections.
- Mount the modules in locations free of corrosive vapors and observe the ambient operating conditions in the *Technical Specifications*.
- Do not mount the modules on surfaces that are prone to vibration or in locations where radio frequency or electromagnetic emissions may cause interference.
- Do not install the modules in airtight enclosures.
- Do not install heat-generating devices in an enclosure with the modules that may cause the temperature to exceed the ambient operating limit.

Mounting

Mount System 450 modules on 35 mm DIN rail (recommended) or directly to an even wall surface. To mount modules on DIN rail:

1. Provide a section of 35 mm DIN rail that is longer than the module assembly width, and mount the DIN rail horizontally in a suitable location using appropriate mounting hardware/fasteners.
2. Clip the control module on the rail, position the upper DIN rail clips on the top rail, and gently snap the lower clips onto the rail.
3. Clip the remaining power and/or expansion modules to the right of the control module on to the DIN rail and plug the 6-pin module connectors together (Figure 3).

Note: If your System 450 control system uses a power module, the power module **must** be plugged into the right-hand side of the control module.

To direct-mount modules to wall surfaces:

1. Plug the modules together, remove the module covers, place the assembly against wall surface horizontally in a suitable location and mark the mount hole locations on the surface (Figure 1).
2. Install appropriate screw fasteners, leaving screw heads approximately one to two turns away from flush to the surface.
3. Place the assembly over screw heads on the mounting slots, and carefully tighten the mounting screws.

Note: If you mount the modules on an uneven surface, do not damage the housings when tightening mounting screws. Use shims/washers to mount module assembly evenly on the surface.

Refer to the control sensor installation instructions for information on locating and mounting control sensors.

Wiring

See Figure 2 and Table 1 for electrical termination locations and wiring information. See [*Technical Specifications*](#) on page 12 for electrical ratings.



WARNING: Risk of Electric Shock.

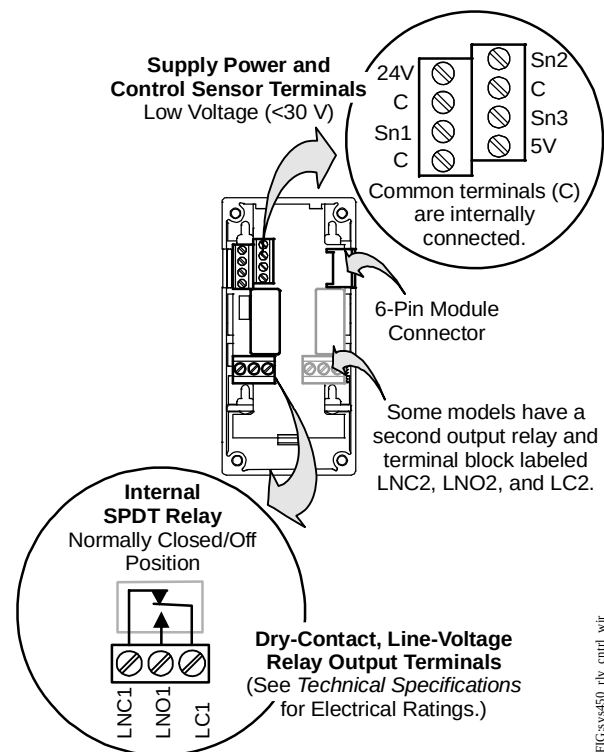
Disconnect or isolate all power supplies before making electrical connections. More than one disconnect or isolation may be required to completely de-energize equipment. Contact with components carrying hazardous voltage can cause electric shock and may result in severe personal injury or death.

IMPORTANT: Use copper conductors only. Make all wiring in accordance with local, national, and regional regulations.

IMPORTANT: Do not exceed the System 450 module electrical ratings. Exceeding module electrical ratings can result in permanent damage to the modules and void any warranty.

IMPORTANT: Do not connect 24 VAC supply power to the System 450 modules before finishing wiring and checking all wiring connections. Short circuits or improperly connected wires can result in damage to the modules and void any warranty.

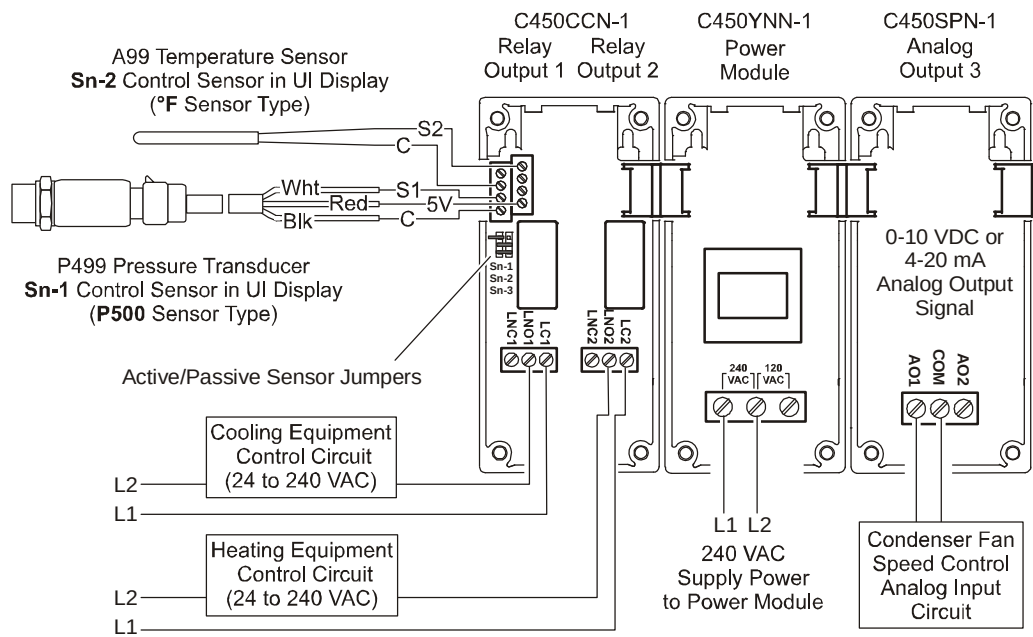
IMPORTANT: Run all low-voltage wiring and cables separate from all high-voltage wiring. Shielded cable is strongly recommended for input (sensor) and analog output cables that are exposed to high electromagnetic or radio frequency noise.



Note: The relay output terminals connect to an internal SPDT relay and do **not** supply any power to the application.

Figure 2: C450CxN-1 Wiring Terminals

FIGsys450_rly_ctrl_wir



Note: In 120 VAC applications, L1 must be the Hot lead and L2 must be the Neutral/Common lead.

Figure 3: Example System 450 Heat/Cool System with Condenser Fan Speed Control

Table 1: System 450 Terminal Wiring Information

Label	Terminal Function	Wire Sizes
24V	Accepts 24 VAC supply power, when a C450YNN power module is not connected, and provides power terminal for 24 VAC (humidity) sensors.	0.08 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² 28 AWG to 16 AWG
5V	Provides 5 VDC power for active sensors.	
Sn-1, Sn-2, Sn-3	Accepts passive or active (0-5 VDC) input signals from sensors. Note: You must position the Active/Passive Sensor Jumper (Figure 3 and Figure 6) correctly for each sensor in your control system before operating the system. See Setting Active/Passive Sensor Jumpers for more information.	
C (Three Terminals)	Provide low-voltage Common connections for 24 VAC power and passive or active sensors connected to the 5V, Sn1, Sn2, and Sn3 terminals. Note: The three C terminals are connected internally and can be connected to ground in the field.	
LNC1, LNC2	Connects control circuit to the Normally Close (NC) contact on the SPDT relay.	0.08 mm ² to 2.5 mm ² 28 AWG to 14 AWG
LNO1, LNO2	Connects control circuit to the Normally Open (NO) contact on the SPDT relay.	
LC1, LC2	Connects line (power) to Common (C) on the SPDT ¹ relay.	

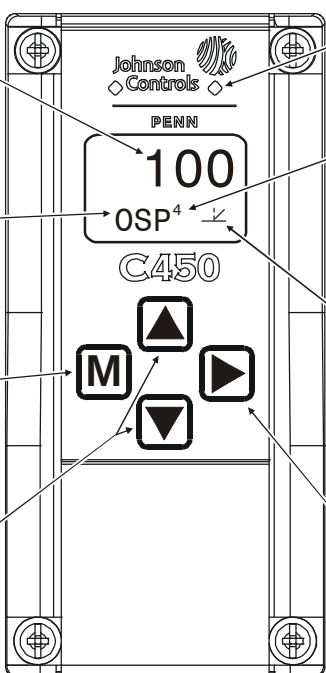
1. See Internal SPDT Relay insert in Figure 2 for more System 450 relay contact and terminal information. See [Technical Specifications](#) for SPDT relay electrical ratings.

Status or Setup Value: Displays the current input status, output status or setup parameter value for the displayed input sensor, output and/or setup parameter. Press ▲ or ▼ to select a different Parameter Value when the value is flashing. (Here, 100 = 100%.)

Status or Setup Identifier: Displays the unit of measurement, output, sensor number, or setup parameter for the displayed Status or Setup Value. (Here, the Setup Identifier **OSP** represents % Output at Setpoint.)

Menu Button: Press [M] to move through the sensor and output setup start screens. When moving through the status or setup screens, press [M] to return to the status start screen or set up start screen.

Up and Down Buttons: Press ▲ or ▼ to select a different value for any flashing value in the Setup Value field. In the Main/Default (Sensor Status) screen, press and hold both ▲ and ▼ for 5 seconds to access the Setup Start screens.



Light-Emitting Diode (LED): Green LEDs on Relay Control Module and Relay Expansion Modules (only) indicates if the associated Relay Output is On or Off.

Output Number: Displays a numerical value that identifies the Output associated with the Status or Setup Value shown on the screen. Output Numbers are automatically determined by the outputs' physical positions (left to right) in the module assembly. (Here, 4 = Output 4.)

Control Ramp Icon: Displays whether an Analog Output (only) is set as direct-acting or reverse acting, and whether the output signal strength is at minimum or maximum when the sensed property is at Setpoint. The Control Ramp icon displayed is determined by the Output's SP, EP, OSP, and OEP setup values.

Next Button: In the Main/Default screens, press [▶] to scroll through the system status screens. In a setup screen, press [▶] to save the (flashing) Setup Value and go to the next setup screen.

Figure 4: System 450 Control Module Output Relay LEDs, LCD, Four-Button Touch Pad User Interface

Setup and Adjustments

System 450 Component Requirements

A System 450 control system consists of one control module, one to three control sensor inputs, and one to ten outputs that provide On/Off control and/or analog control. Figure 3 shows an example System 450 module assembly with two input sensors and three outputs (two relay outputs and one analog output).

Setting up a System 450 Module Assembly

To set up a System 450 module assembly:

1. Determine the controlled conditions, sensor types, and value ranges required for your application, and select the appropriate System 450 sensor types.
2. Determine the number and type (relay or analog) of outputs required to control your application, and select the appropriate System 450 control module and expansion modules to provide the outputs.

3. Assemble the control and expansion modules in the proper order, starting with the control module on the left.

Note: If you use a C450YNN-1 power module, it must be plugged into the control module. Plug in any expansion modules (for your control system) to the right of the power module.

4. Apply supply power to the module assembly.

You can now set up your control system in the System 450 reset control module UI.

Note: After you power on your module assembly, you can set up your control system in the control module UI before wiring the sensors or outputs to your assembly.

Setting Active/Passive Sensor Jumpers

Before putting your System 450 reset control system into operation, you must set up each sensor in your system as either passive or active by positioning the jumper on the terminal pins on the terminal block located below the sensor terminal block. See Figure 3.

Temperature sensors are passive (2-wire) sensors and the corresponding jumpers must be positioned across both pins. Humidity and pressure transducers are active (3-wire) sensors and corresponding jumpers must be positioned on one pin (or removed completely). Figure 5 shows the jumper positions for the System 450 example shown in Figure 3.



Sensor 1: Jumper positioned on one pin (or removed) sets Sn-1 to Active (Pressure).

Sensor 2: Jumper positioned across two pins sets Sn-2 to Passive (Temperature).

Sensor 3: Jumper positioned across two pins sets Sn-3 to Passive (Temperature).

Sys450_Jumpers

Figure 5: Active/Passive Sensor Terminal Pin Block Set up for Example in Figure 3

Setting up a Control System in User Interface

System 450 control modules have a back-lit LCD and a four-button touch pad UI (Figure 4) that enable you to set up your control system. To set up a control system in the System 450 UI:

1. Build your control system module assembly and connect it to power. See [Setting up a System 450 Module Assembly](#) on page 4.

Note: Every time a module assembly is powered ON, the control module polls all of the modules to identify output type (relay or analog) and assigns a sequential output number (1 to 9 [0 = 10]) to each output starting with the control module output on the left. The output numbers identify each output's setup screens in the UI. (See Figure 4.)

2. Access the System 450 setup screens in the UI. See [Accessing the System 450 Setup Screens](#) on page 6.
3. Set up the control system inputs in the UI. See [Setting up System 450 Sensors](#) on page 6.

4. Set up the control system outputs in the UI. See [Setting up System 450 Outputs](#) on page 8.

IMPORTANT: Do not change the module positions after a System 450 control system is set up in the UI. System 450 control logic is set up in the UI according to the Sensor Types, the output types, and the output numbers. Changing modules or module positions in a module assembly that is already set up in the UI, can change the output numbers, output types, and the setup values of the assembly outputs, which requires setting up the outputs again.

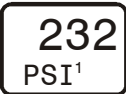
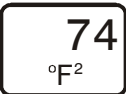
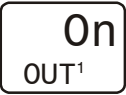
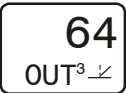
Use the worksheet provided on page 14 to plan and record the settings for your System 450 control system.

Viewing the Main and System Status Screens

After you install, wire, power on, and set up your control system in the UI, the Main screens appear on the LCD. During normal operation, the Main screens automatically scroll through the current status of each sensor in your control system. See Table 2 for more information about the Main screens.

The System Status screens display the current status of each input and output in your control system. In the Main screen, press  repeatedly to scroll through and view all of the status screens in your control system. See Table 2 for more information about the System Status screens.

Table 2: System 450 Main Screens and Status Screens Information and Procedures

LCD Screen	Name, Description/Function, User Action, and Example
 	Main (Input Status) Screen: During normal operation, the Main screen automatically scrolls through the current status at each input sensor in your control system and displays the sensor number, the unit of measurement, and the sensed condition value. See Figure 7. Note: Main screens are view-only; selections are not made in Main screens. Press  repeatedly to scroll through and view the System Status screens for all inputs and outputs in your control system. Press and hold  and  for 5 seconds to access your control system's setup screens. Note: In any system setup screen, you can return to the Main Screens by pressing both  and  simultaneously. Also, the UI returns to the Main screen after 2 minutes of inactivity in any screen. Screen examples show Sensor 1 sensing 232 psi and Sensor 2 sensing 74°F.
 	System Status Screens: The System Status screens display current status of all inputs and outputs in your control system. Relay output status screens display output number and relay status (On/Off). Analog output status screens display output number, signal strength, and control ramp icon. See Figure 7. Note: System Status screens are view-only; selections are not made in Status screens. Press  repeatedly to scroll and view the System Status screens for the inputs and outputs in your control system. Screen examples show Output 1 relay is On and Output 3 signal strength is 64% of the total signal strength. The control ramp icon in the bottom screen example indicates that the Analog Output is set up with SP<EP and OSP<OEP. See Setting up an Analog Output (OUTAx) for information about control ramp icons.

Accessing the System 450 Setup Screens

You can access the System 450 setup screens from the Main screen. To access the System 450 setup screens:

1. Apply power to your module assembly. After a start up check, the **Main** screen appears on the LCD.
 2. In the **Main** screen, press and hold  and  simultaneously for 5 seconds to access the setup screens and to go to the **Sensor Setup Start** screen.
- Note:** The Sensor Setup Start screen is the first screen displayed when you access the System 450 setup screens. From the Sensor Setup Start screen, you can navigate to all of the remaining setup screens for your control system.
3. Press  repeatedly to scroll through the Setup Start screens. See Figure 7.

Note: The Setup Start screens are view-only; selections cannot be made in Setup Start screens. In any Setup Start screen, you can return to the Main screens by pressing  and  simultaneously. Also, the UI returns to the Main screens after 2 minutes of inactivity in any screen in the UI.

Setting up System 450 Sensors

You must set up the input sensors for your control system before you can set up any of outputs. To set up the input sensors you must access the setup screens. See *Accessing the System 450 Setup Screens*.

The Sensor Setup Start screen is the first screen displayed when you access the system setup screens in the System 450 UI.

Table 3 provides information about System 450 sensors, Sensor Types, parameter values, and specified sensor/transducer product code numbers.

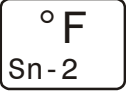
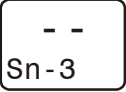
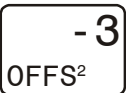
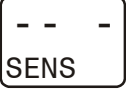
Table 4 provides sensor setup information, procedures, and example screens. Figure 7 provides a System 450 UI and setup overview example. Figure 7 on page 14 provides a System 450 UI screen flowchart example.

Table 3: System 450 Sensor Types, Setup Values, and Sensor/Transducer Product Codes

Sensor Type	Unit of Measurement Value (Condition/Units)	Effective Sensing Range	Range of Usable Values	Resolution Increment Value	Minimum Differential or Proportional Band	Sensor Product Type Number ¹
°F	°F (Temperature/degrees)	-46 to 255	-40 to 250	1	1	A99B-xxx
°C	°C (Temperature/degrees)	-43 to 124	-40 to 121	0.5	0.5	A99B-xxx
rH	% (Humidity/%RH)	1 to 100	10 to 95	1	2	HE-67Sx-xxxxx
P 05	INWC (Pressure/in. W.C.)	0 to 0.5	0.025 to 0.5	0.005	0.025	DPT2650-0R5D-AB
P 8	bAR (Pressure/bar)	-1 to 8	-1 to 8	0.05	0.1	P499Rxx-401C
P 10	INWC (Pressure/in. W.C.)	0 to 10	0.5 to 10	0.05	0.2	DPT2650-10D-AB
P 15	bAR (Pressure/bar)	-1 to 15	-1 to 15	0.1	0.2	P499Rxx-402C
P 30	bAR (Pressure/bar)	0 to 30	0 to 30	0.1	0.4	P499Rxx-404C
P 50	bAR (Pressure/bar)	0 to 50	0 to 50	0.2	0.4	P499Rxx-405C
P100	PSI (Pressure/psi)	0 to 100	0 to 100	0.5	1	P499Rxx-101C
P200	PSI (Pressure/psi)	0 to 200	0 to 200	1	1	P499Rxx-102C
P500	PSI (Pressure/psi)	0 to 500	90 to 500	1	5	P499Rxx-105C
P750	PSI (Pressure/psi)	0 to 750	150 to 750	2	6	P499Rxx-107C

1. Refer to the *System 450 Series Modular Controls Product Bulletin (LIT-12011458)*, *Catalog Page (LIT-1900549)*, or *Technical Bulletin (LIT-12011459)* for complete ordering information for System 450 compatible sensors and transducers.

Table 4: System 450 Sensor Setup Information and Procedures

LCD Screen	Name, Description/Function, User Action, and Example
	Sensor Setup Start Screen: The Sensor Setup Start screen is the first screen displayed when you access the System 450 setup screens. From the Sensor Setup Start screen you can navigate to the Output Setup Start screens or the Sensor Setup screens. See Figure 7. Note: You must setup the input sensors before you can setup the control system outputs. The Sensor Setup Start screen is view-only; selections are not made in Setup Start screens. Press  (repeatedly) to scroll through the Output Setup Start screens. (See Setting up a Relay Output (OUTRx) and Setting up an Analog Output (OUTAx) for information and procedures on setting up outputs.) Press  to go to the first Sensor Type Selection screen (Sn-1) and begin setting up the sensors in your control system. Screen example shows the Sensors Setup Start screen with four flashing dashes.
  	Sensor Type Selection Screens: The Sensor Type you select for an input sensor automatically determines the setup parameters and values for each output that is set up to reference that sensor. See Table 3 for information about System 450 sensors/transducers, Sensor Types, condition type, units of measurement, minimum differential or proportional band, setup values, value ranges, and product code numbers. Note: For an output to operate properly, the selected Sensor Type must match the sensor/transducer model wired to the control module, and the sensor/transducer must be wired to the proper control module input terminals. - In the Sn-1 Sensor Type Selection screen, press  or  to select the desired Sensor Type. Press  to save your selection and go to the Sn-2 Sensor Type Selection screen. - In the Sn-2 Sensor Type Selection screen, press  or  to select the desired Sensor Type. Press  to save your selection and go to the Sn-3 Sensor Type Selection screen. Note: If your control system does not use three input sensors, simply press  while the two dashes are flashing in a Sensor Type Selection screen to save no Sensor Type and go to the next setup screen. - In the Sn-3 Sensor Type Selection screen, press  or  to select the desired Sensor Type. Press  to save your selection and either: - go to the Temperature Offset Setup screen for the first temperature sensor in your system. - return to the Sensor Setup-Start Screen, if your control system has no temperature sensors. Screen examples show Sn-1 with the P500 Sensor Type selected; Sn-2 with the °F Sensor Type selected; and Sn-3 with the no Sensor Type selected.
	Temperature Offset Selection Screens: Select a temperature offset for the temperature inputs (only) in your control system. Sensor Type °F enables an offset of +/- 5°F in 1 degree increments. Sensor Type °C enables an offset of +/- 2.5°C in 0.5 degree increments. Note: The temperature offset changes the displayed temperature value by the selected offset value. - Press  or  to select the desired temperature offset value. Press : - to go to the next Temperature Offset Selection screen (if there are additional temperature sensors in your control system) and repeat this step for each temperature sensor. - to return to the Sensors Setup-Start Screen. Screen example shows -3 (flashing) is the selected temperature offset value for Sensor 2, thus a sensed temperature of 75°F at Sensor 2 is displayed as 72°F.
	Sensors Setup Start Screen: The Sensor Setup screens return to the Sensor Setup Start screen. After the sensors are set up for your control system, you can: - Press  to scroll through the Output Setup Start screens and begin setting up your system outputs. (See Setting up a Relay Output (OUTRx) and Setting up an Analog Output (OUTAx) for more information and procedures.) - Press  and  simultaneously and hold for 5 seconds to return to the Main screens. Example shows Input Sensors Setup-Start screen with four flashing dashes.

Setting up System 450 Outputs

After you build and connect power to your control system module assembly, the output numbers and output types for your control system are automatically assigned in the UI.

Note: You must set up the input sensors for your control system before you can set up the outputs.

To set up System 450 outputs in the UI:

1. Access the System 450 setup screens. (See [Accessing the System 450 Setup Screens](#).) The **Sensor Setup Start** screen appears.
2. At the **Sensor Setup Start** screen, press  repeatedly to scroll through and select the desired **Output Setup Start** screen. The Output Setup Start screen indicates the output number and the output type for the selected output.

3. For Relay Outputs, see [Setting up a Relay Output \(OUTRx\)](#) and Table 5 for setup information and procedures.

For Analog Outputs, see [Setting up an Analog Output \(OUTAx\)](#) and Table 7 for setup information and procedures.

Setting up a Relay Output (OUTRx)

A standard relay output provides On/Off control for your application based on a fixed setpoint sensor (Sn-1, Sn-2, or Sn-3).

Table 5 provides information, procedures, and screen examples for setting up standard relay outputs.

Table 5: System 450 Relay Output Setup Screen Information and Procedures

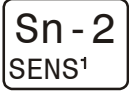
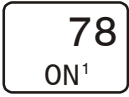
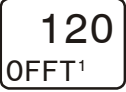
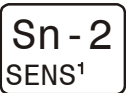
LCD Screen	Name, Description/Function, User Action, and Example
	Relay Output Setup Start Screen: The output number and the output type (relay or analog) are automatically assigned when you connect power to the module assembly. Note: You must set up the system's sensors before you can set up the outputs. 1. Press  to go to this output's Sensor Selection screen. Screen example shows the Relay Output Setup-Start screen for Output 1.
 	Sensor Selection Screen: The sensor you select here determines this output's setup parameters and values, including condition type, unit of measurement, minimum differential, default setup values, and setup value ranges for several of the remaining output setup screens. If a sensor is not selected, the remaining output setup screens do not appear. If a sensor is already selected for this output, the Sensor Selection screen does not appear here and the Relay ON Selection screen appears instead. Note: You must select a sensor in this Sensor Selection screen and the selected sensor must be already set up in the System 450 UI. (See Setting up System 450 Sensors.) 2. Press  or  to select the Sensor (Sn-1, Sn-2, or Sn-3) that this output references, then press  to save your sensor selection and go to the Relay ON Selection Screen. Screen examples show the initial Relay Output 1 Sensor Selection screen with no sensor selected, followed by the same screen with the (Master) Sensor 1 selected for Relay Output 1.
	Relay ON Selection Screen: Select the value at which the relay turns On. Relay ON is defined as relay LED On/Lit, relay contacts NO to C are closed, and NC to C contacts are open. Note: The value ranges and minimum differential are determined by the Sensor Type selected for the sensor that this output references and are enforced in the Relay ON and Relay OFF Selection screens. 3. Press  or  to select the value at which the output relay turns On, then press  to save your selection and go to Relay OFF Selection Screen. Screen example shows an ON value of 78 (°F) selected for Relay Output 1.
	Relay OFF Selection Screen: Select the value at which the relay turns Off. Relay OFF is defined as relay LED Off, relay contacts NC to C are closed, and NO to C contacts are open. Note: The value ranges and minimum differential are determined by the Sensor Type selected for the sensor that this output references and are enforced in the Relay ON and Relay OFF Selection screens. 4. Press  or  to select the value at which output relay turns Off, then press  to save your selection and go to Minimum Relay ON Time Selection Screen. Screen example shows an OFF value of 75 (°F) selected for Relay Output 1.

Table 5: System 450 Relay Output Setup Screen Information and Procedures (Continued)

LCD Screen	Name, Description/Function, User Action, and Example
	Minimum Relay ON Time Selection Screen: Minimum ON Time range is 0 to 300 seconds. 5. Press  or  to select the minimum time that the output relay remains On after reaching the Relay ON value, then press  to save your selection and go to the Minimum Relay OFF Time Selection Screen. Screen example shows 0 (zero) seconds selected for the minimum ON-Time for Output 1.
	Minimum Relay OFF Time Selection Screen: Minimum OFF Time range is 0 to 300 seconds. 6. Press  or  to select the minimum time that this output relay remains Off after reaching the Relay OFF value. Press  to save your selection and go to the Sensor Failure Mode Selection screen. Screen example shows 120 seconds selected for the minimum OFF-Time for Output 1.
	Sensor Failure Mode Selection Screen: Select this output's mode of operation if the referenced sensor or sensor wiring fails. The output operates in the selected mode until the failure is remedied. Sensor Failure mode selections for Relay Outputs include: • ON output relay remains On during sensor failure. • OFF output relay remains Off during sensor failure. 7. Press  or  to select this output mode of operation if the sensor or sensor wiring fails. Press  to save your sensor failure mode selection and go to the Edit Sensor Screen. Screen example shows OFF sensor failure mode selected for Output 1. This output relay is Off if the referenced sensor or sensor wiring fails.
	Edit Sensor Screen: This screen displays the sensor that this output currently references. Typically, no action is taken in this screen. But if you need to change the sensor that this output references, you can select a different sensor for this output in this screen. Note: Changing the sensor that an output references to a sensor with a different Sensor Type changes the default setup values for the output, and requires setting up the output again. 8. To change this output's sensor, Press  or  to select the sensor that this output will reference. After you select a different sensor for this output, press  to return to the Relay ON Selection screen (Step 3 above) and repeat the output relay setup procedure for this output and the new Sensor Type values associated with the new sensor selection. If you do not need to change this output's sensor, simply press  to save the current sensor selection and return to the Relay Output Setup Start screen. This Relay Output is now set up in the System 450 UI. Screen example shows input Sensor 2 selected for Output 1 (Output 1 references Sensor 2).
	Relay Output Setup Start Screen After you have set up this Relay Output, you can go to another Output Setup Start screen, the Sensor Setup Start screen, or return to the Main screens. 9. Press  to scroll through the remaining Output Setup Start screens and return to the Sensor Setup Start screen, or press  and  simultaneously and hold for 5 seconds to return to the System 450 Main screens. Screen example shows the Relay Output Setup-Start screen for Output 1.

Setting up an Analog Output (OUTA^x)

An analog output provides an analog signal to control your application based on a fixed setpoint sensor (Sn-1, Sn-2, or Sn-3).

Analog outputs provide an auto-selecting analog signal that is proportional to the sensed input condition. The System 450 analog output senses the impedance of the controlled equipment's analog input circuit and automatically delivers either a 0–10 VDC or 4–20 mA signal to the controlled equipment.

The control action between the input signal and the output signal can be set up four different ways, depending on the values selected for the Setpoint (SP), End Point (EP), Percent Output Signal Strength at Setpoint (OSP), and Percent Output Signal Strength at End Point (OEP). The LCD displays different Control Ramp icons for the four control actions.

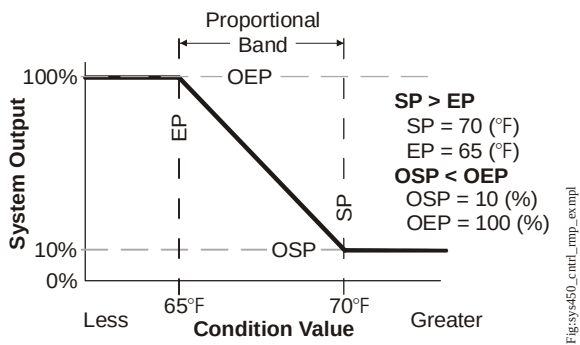


Figure 6: Control Ramp Example for a Typical Heating Application (SP > EP and OSP < OEP)

Figure 6 shows an example of the analog output setup values and the resulting output signal in a typical space heating application (SP > EP and OSP < OEP).

Table 6 shows the four Control Ramp icons and the associated analog output setup value relationships.

Table 6: Analog Output Control Ramp Icons

Control Ramp Displayed on LCD	Control Action	Set the Analog Output Value Relationships for the Desired Control Action and Corresponding Control Ramp
 Output Minimum at SP		SP < EP OSP < OEP
 Output Minimum at SP		SP > EP OSP < OEP
 Output Maximum at SP		SP > EP OSP > OEP
 Output Maximum at SP		SP < EP OSP > OEP

See Table 7 for setup information, procedures, and screen examples for analog outputs.

Table 7: System 450 Analog Output Setup Screens Information (Part 1 of 2)

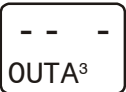
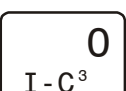
LCD Screen	Name, Description/Function, User Action, Example
	Analog Output Setup Start Screen: The output number and output type (relay or analog) are automatically assigned when you connect power to your control system's module assembly. Note: You must set up the system's sensors before you can set up the outputs. 1. Press  to go to this output's Sensor Selection screen. Screen example shows the Analog Output Setup-Start screen for Output 3.
	Sensor Selection Screen: The sensor you select here determines this output's setup parameters and values, including condition type, unit of measurement, minimum proportional band, default setup values, and setup value ranges for several of the remaining output setup screens. If a sensor is not selected here, this output's remaining setup screens do not appear. If a sensor is already selected for this output, the Sensor Selection screen does not appear here, instead the Setpoint Selection screen appears. Note: You must select a sensor in this Sensor Selection screen and the selected sensor must be already set up in the System 450 UI. (See Setting up System 450 Sensors.) 2. Press  or  to select the Sensor (Sn-1, Sn-2, or Sn-3) that this output references. Press  to save your sensor selection and go to the Setpoint Selection screen. Screen example shows input Sensor 1 (Sn-1) selected for Output 3.
	Setpoint Selection Screen: Setpoint is the target value that the controlled system drives towards and along with End Point, defines this output's proportional band. Note: An output's minimum proportional band (between Setpoint and End Point) is automatically enforced in the output's Setpoint and End Point Selection screens. 3. Press  or  to select this output's Setpoint value. Press  to save your Setpoint value selection and go to the End Point Selection screen. Screen example shows a Setpoint of 200 (psi) selected for Output 3.
	End Point Selection Screen: End Point is the (condition) value that the controlled system drives away from (towards Setpoint) and, along with Setpoint, defines this output's proportional band. Note: An output's proportional band (between Setpoint and End Point) is automatically enforced in the output's Setpoint and End Point Selection screens. 4. Press  or  to select this output's End Point value. Press  to save your End Point value selection and go to the %Output Signal Strength at Setpoint Selection screen. Screen example shows a End Point of 250 (psi) selected for Output 3.
	Output Signal Strength at Setpoint Selection Screen: Select the strength of the signal that this output generates when the sensed condition is at the Setpoint value. The signal strength range is 0 to 100 (%). 5. Press  or  to select this output's %Output Signal Strength at Setpoint value. Press  to save your selection and go to the %Output Signal Strength at End Point Selection screen. Screen example shows Analog Output 3 is setup to generate 10% of the total signal strength when the input is at the Setpoint value (= 1 V or 5.6 mA).
	Output Signal Strength at End Point Selection Screen: Select the strength of the signal that this output generates when the sensed condition is at the End Point value. The signal strength range is 0 to 100 (%). 6. Press  or  to select this output's %Output Signal Strength at End Point value. Press  to save your selection and go to the Integration Constant Selection screen. Screen example shows Output 3 is set up to generate 90% of the total signal strength when the input is at the End Point value (= 9 V or 18.4 mA).
	Integration Constant Selection Screen: An integration constant allows you to set up proportional plus integral control for this analog output. proportional plus integral control can drive the load closer to Setpoint than proportional only control. Note: Initially, you should select the I-C value of 0 (zero) for no integration constant. Refer to the <i>System 450 Series Technical Bulletin (LIT-12011459)</i> for more information on proportional plus integral control and setting an integration constant in the System 450 UI. 7. Press  or  to select this output's Integration Constant for proportional plus integral control. Press  to save your selection and go to the Sensor Failure Mode Selection screen. Screen example shows an Integration Constant of 0 (zero) selected for Output 3.

Table 7: System 450 Analog Output Setup Screens Information (Part 2 of 2)

LCD Screen	Name, Description/Function, User Action, Example
	Sensor Failure Mode Selection Screen: 8. Press  or  to select this output's mode of operation if the sensor or sensor wiring fails. Press  to save your selection and go to the Edit Sensor Selection screen. You can select this output's mode of operation in the event of a sensor or sensor wiring failure. The output operates in the selected mode until the failure is fixed. Sensor Failure Mode selections for Analog Outputs include: • ON - output generates maximum signal strength during sensor failure. • OFF - output generates minimum signal strength during sensor failure. Screen example shows the OFF Sensor Failure Mode selected for Output 3.
	Edit Sensor Selection Screen: Press  or  to change the sensor that this output references (only if required), then press  to go to this output's setup start screen. Note: Changing the sensor that an output references to a sensor with a different Sensor Type changes the default setup values for the output, and requires setting up the output again. Screen example shows input Sensor 1 selected for Output 3.

Technical Specifications

C450CxN-1

Product	C450CxN-1: System 450 Control Modules are sensing controls and operating controls with LCD, four-button touch pad, and On/Off relay output. C450CBN-1: Control Module with one SPDT output relay C450CCN-1: Control Module with two SPDT output relays		
Supply Power	C450YNN-1 Power Supply Module or 24 (20-30) VAC Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV) (Europe) Class 2 (North America) 50/60 Hz, 10 VA minimum		
Ambient Operating Conditions	Temperature: -40 to 66°C (-40 to 150°F) Humidity: Up to 95% RH noncondensing; Maximum Dew Point 29°C (85°F)		
Ambient Shipping and Storage Conditions	Temperature: -40 to 80°C (-40 to 176°F) Humidity: Up to 95% RH noncondensing; Maximum Dew Point 29°C (85°F)		
Input Signal	0-5 VDC; 1035 ohms at 25°C (77°F) for an A99 PTC Temperature Sensor		
Output Relay Contacts	General: 1/2 HP at 120/240 VAC, SPDT		
	Specific: AC Motor Ratings	120 VAC	208/240 VAC
	AC Full-load Amperes:	9.8 A	4.9 A
	AC Locked-Rotor Amperes:	58.8 A	29.4 A
	10 Amperes AC Non-inductive at 24/240 VAC Pilot Duty: 125 VA at 24/240 VAC		
Analog Input	Resolution: 14 bit		
Control Construction	Independently-mounted control, surface mounted with Lexan® 950 enclosure suitable for DIN rail mounting or direct mounting to a hard, even surface.		
Dimensions (H x W x D)	127 x 61 x 61 mm (5 x 2-3/8 x 2-3/8 in.)		
Weight	C450CBN-1: 209 gm (0.46 lb) C450CCN-1: 222 gm (0.49 lb)		
Compliance	North America: cULus Listed; UL 60730, File E27734, Vol. 1; FCC Compliant to CFR47, Part 15, Subpart B, Class B Industry Canada (IC) Compliant to Canadian ICES-003, Class B limits		
	Europe: Mark: CE Compliant; Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC); EMC Directive (2004/108/EC); RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC); WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC)		
	Australia: Mark: C-Tick Compliant (N1813)		

The performance specifications are nominal and conform to acceptable industry standards. For application at conditions beyond these specifications, consult Johnson Controls Application Engineering at (414) 524-5535. Johnson Controls, Inc. shall not be liable for damages resulting from misapplication or misuse of its products.

United States Emissions Compliance

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.*
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.*
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.*
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.*

Canadian Emissions Compliance

*This Class (B) digital apparatus meets all the requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.
Cet appareil numérique de la Classe (B) respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.*

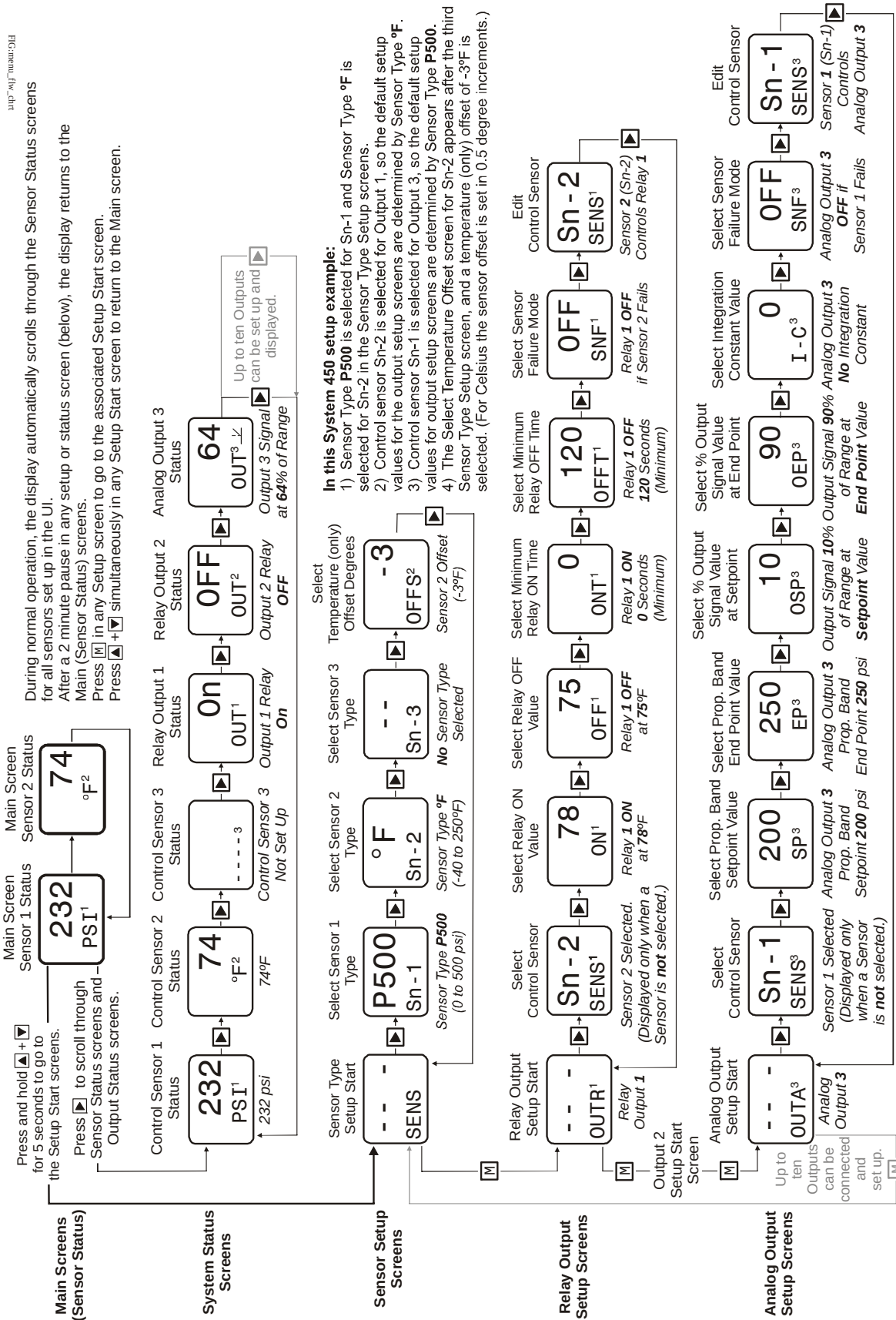


Figure 7: System 450 Status Screens, Setup Screens, and Menu Flow Example

System Location _____ System Name _____
 Equipment Controlled _____ Serviced/Set up by _____ Phone _____

Sensors	Sensor Type	Control Range	Display Resolution	Minimum Differential	Offset (Temp. Sensors Only)
Example Sn-1	P500	90 to 500 (psi)	1 psi	5 psi	(N/A)
Example Sn-2	°F	-40 to 250 (°F)	1 °F	1 °F	0 (°F)
Sn-1					
Sn-2					
Sn-3					

Relay Output and/or Analog Output Setup Identifiers							
Output Number	OUT [#] (Relay Output)	SENS [#] Sensor Type (Sensor Selection and Sensor Type)	ON [#] (Relay ON Value)	OFF [#] (Relay OFF Value)	ONT [#] (Minimum ON Time Value)	OFFT [#] (Maximum ON Time Value)	SNF [#] (Sensor Failure Mode of Operation)
	OUTA [#] (Analog Output)		SP [#] (Setpoint Value)	EP [#] (Endpoint Value)	OSP [#] (% Output Signal at Setpoint)	OEP [#] (% Output Signal at Endpoint)	
Example OUT 1	OUTR ¹	Sn-2/°F	78 (°F)	75 (°F)	0 (sec.)	120 (sec.)	OFF
Example OUT 4	OUTA ⁴	Sn-1/P500	200 (psi)	250 (psi)	10 (%)	90 (%)	OFF
OUT 1							
OUT 2							
OUT 3							
OUT 4							
OUT 5							
OUT 6							
OUT 7							
OUT 8							
OUT 9							
OUT 10							



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